1. In terms of language development, at any age
   1. Telegraphic speech comes before babbling
   2. Production comes before comprehension
   3. Production and comprehension develop at the same rate
   4. **Comprehension comes before production**
2. The study of the relative power of genetic and envirionmental influences on behavior and personality traits is known as
   1. Human cloning
   2. **Behavior genetics**
   3. Molecular genetics
   4. Evolutionary psychology
3. If Kohlberg were to present you with a moral dilemma in which of the following would he be most interested?
   1. Your reasons for whatever moral judgement you had about the situation
4. Children have developed a capacity for self-recognition by the end of the \_\_\_ stage
   1. Sensorimotor
5. A teratogen is a(n)
   1. Substance that can cross the placental barrier and harm an unborn child
6. The idea that there is a critical period for the acquisition of language is supported by the fact that
   1. People learning a second language after puberty with their original accent
7. Mrs. Pearson cut Judy’s hot dog into 8 pieces and Sylvia’s into 6. Sylvia cried because she felt she wasn’t getting as much hot dog as Judy. Which of Piaget’s stages is Sylvia likely to be in?
   1. Preoperational
8. The strange situation test is used in most to determine
   1. The nature of attachment between children and their mothers
9. Lily is beginning to develop separation anxiety. It is likely that Lily has just
   1. Developed a sense of object permanence
10. Stephanie triggered a rooting reflex in her infant by touching him on the
    1. Cheek
11. Adolescence extends from
    1. The beginning of puberty to independent adulthood
12. David thought all nurses were young females until a middle-aged male nurse took care of him. David’s changed view of a nurse illustrated the process of
    1. Accommodation
13. In the film we watched during class about magic shows and testing a child’s reaction to impossible outcomes (floating objects)
    1. Some 3 month olds showed a startle reaction to floating objects
14. Studies of monkeys raised with artificial mothers suggest that mother-infant emotional bonds result primarily from mothers providing infants with
    1. Body contact
15. Research suggests that during adulthood
    1. Fluid intelligence decreases, while crystallized intelligence increases with age
16. In order to test whether newborns can visually discriminate between various shapes and colors, psychologists have made use of the process of:
    1. Habituation
17. According to the evolutionary perspective, the tensions that exist today between adolescents and parents may be a result of
    1. The extended time that sexually mature adolscents must spend at home before moving out on their own
18. John makes his bed every morning before going to school, when he does, his mother gives him a dollar to spend at school. John is at what stage of moral development, according to Kohlberg?
    1. Preconventional
19. The process of imprinting involes the formation of a(n):
    1. Attachment (baby ducks)
20. Which of the following would be a prospective memory task?
    1. Remembering to stop at the grocery store on the way home from work
21. The speed with which language develops and the novel telegraphic statements of two-year-olds support
    1. Chomsky’s view that the brain is “hard wired” for language acquisition
22. One complicating factor that makes it difficult for researchers to separate contributions of nature and nurture is that
    1. Genetically similar siblings are treated similarly by parents
23. Which of the following represents the correct order of Piaget’s stages of cognitive development?
    1. Sensorimotor, preoperational, formal operational, concrete operational
24. Autism is a disorder characterized by deficient social interaction and an impaired
    1. Theory of mind
25. A finding that has been demonstrated consistently in research is that depressed individuals
    1. Focus more attention on negative events than on positive events
26. After Bryan learns that Mrs. Poteet suffered from schizophrenia, he mistakenly concluded that her tendencies to laugh easily and smile frequently were symptoms of her disorder. This best illustrated the
    1. Biasing power of diagnostic labels
27. The most striking fature of this disorder in an apparent lack of conscience. These people feel no guilt, remorse, or empathy for their victims. They are irresponsibile and have no regard for the welfare of others. The disorder being described is
    1. Schizophrenia
28. After being passed up for a promotion and then getting into a heated argument with his son, a man disappears. He shows up two weeks later in another town with no memory of who he is, or how he got there. He appears to be suffering from a(n)
    1. Dissociative disorder
29. Your friend has been very anxious and worried lately but doesn’t seem to be able to figure out why or pinpoint a problem. He apparently is experiencing:
    1. Free-floating anxiety
30. A “simple phobia” is a fear that
    1. Is of a specific object or situation
31. Which of these patients seems to have symptoms of cyclothymia?
    1. Harry, who has the symptoms of depression and mania in a milder form than found in bipolar
32. Which of the following types of therapy focuses on our inherent potential for self-fulfillment and helps people grow into self-awareness and self-acceptance, rather than focusing on past conflicts?
    1. Humanistic
33. To help Matt overcome his fear of public speeches, his therapist instructs him to relax and then to imagine speaking to a small audience. This therapist is using
    1. Systematic desensitization
34. After witnessing an accident that killed her daughter, a mother reports that she is blind. Although she bumps into objects at home and elsewhere, specialists have found nothing wrong with the structure of function of her eyes, and a brain scan reveals no evidence of brain damage. Your diagnosis should be
    1. Conversion disorder
35. An anxiety disorder in which a person feels driven to think distrusting thoughts and/or to perform rituals is a/an disorder
    1. Panic
36. Jenni was admitted to a mental institution because she heard voices talking to her that no one else could hear
    1. Hallucinations
37. Fearful to step outside of apartment. Sadie’s behavior is a characteristic of
    1. Agoraphobia
38. Which of the following don’t belong with thoe others? Bipolar, dissociative identity disorder, amnesia, fugue state
    1. Agoraphobia
39. A problem with selective attention is most to be experienced with those who suffer from
    1. SChizphrenics
40. A drug elevates norepinephrine & serotonin would be an
    1. Antidepressant
41. The approach to help autistic children learn to function successfully in school involes
    1. Token economy
42. The treatment of flooding is based on the principle of
    1. Extinction
43. According to behavioral therapists, psychological disorders can be understood as
    1. Maladatpive behaviors that have been learned thru life experiences
44. In many of the people who suffer from PTSD, the \_\_\_ is smaller than others
    1. Hippocampus
45. Her sister bitten by dog. She is afraid of dogs, demonstrated phobia learned thru
    1. Observational learning
46. electroconvulsive
    1. Depressed
47. Antipsychotic drugs work by
    1. Blocking dopamine
48. Both get a high grade
    1. Regression towards the mean
49. A bio-psycho-social perspective on abcohol abuse would be most likely to emphasize
    1. The interactive influences of nature and nurture on alcohol assumption
50. Systematic desensitization is based on
    1. Counterconditioning

Acommodation – getting used to the faucet

Conversion disorder

Pseudoanxiety

Antisocial personality disorder

Theory of mind – ability to understand or recognize that other people have a different perspective or differnet world view than you do. The ability to infer other people mental states. Autistic have a hard time understanding that other people have a different world view than you do.

Conversion disorder –disorder in which someone experiences a particular symptom like pregnant blind or paralyzed or there’s absolutelynothing wrong with them

Dissociative disorder – umbrella term, where you have a disruption of memory identity or unconsciousness

Amnesia

Fute States

Dissociative Identity Disorder

Simple - fear of object of fear or events

Social Phobia – social interaction phobia

Agoraphobia – fear of being in public places

Regression towards the mean – any time there is an unsual event like scoring high or low, the next time youa re more likely to return towards the average